

RESURGENT REPUBLIC
NATIONAL SURVEY OF LIKELY VOTERS
JUNE 20-23, 2010

Hello, this is ____ with Ayres, McHenry & Associates, a national public opinion research company. We're talking with people in your area today about some issues facing the country. We are not trying to sell anything, your answers are completely confidential, and we would really appreciate your cooperation (DO NOT PAUSE).

A. Are you registered to vote in the county in which you live?

YES.....GO TO QUESTION C
 NO.....GO TO QUESTION B

B. Is there anyone else in your household who is registered to vote in your county?

YES..... May I speak with that person please? GO TO INTRO
 NO..... THANK AND CLOSE

C. How likely would you say you are to vote in the elections for Congress this year: absolutely certain, very likely, somewhat likely, or not too likely?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN	62%	72%	59%	56%
VERY LIKELY	25%	21%	24%	31%
SOMEWHAT LIKELY	12%	7%	17%	14%

Overall Political Climate

1. Would you say that America is headed in the right direction, or have things gotten off on the wrong track?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
RIGHT DIRECTION	27%	4%	18%	56%
WRONG TRACK	64%	93%	72%	31%
DON'T KNOW	9%	3%	10%	13%

N=1000 Registered Voters | Sample was minimally weighted by party
 ALL MoE ±3.10% | REP MoE ±5.48% | IND MoE ±5.75% | DEM MoE ±5.17%

2. What would you say is the most important issue facing the United States, that is, the one that concerns you most (DO NOT READ RESPONSES)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
ECONOMY/UNEMPLOYMENT/JOBS.....	39%	35%	39%	45%
GOVERNMENT SPENDING/EARMARKS/DEFICIT.....	7%	12%	8%	0%
FINANCIAL REFORM/BAILOUTS/WALL STREET.....	2%	1%	2%	2%
AUTO INDUSTRY BAILOUTS.....	0%	0%	0%	0%
HEALTH CARE REFORM/COST/QUALITY.....	9%	10%	8%	8%
ENERGY/DEPENDENCE ON FOREIGN OIL.....	1%	1%	2%	2%
CLIMATE CHANGE/ENVIRONMENT/GULF SPILL.....	7%	2%	6%	11%
IRAQ.....	1%	1%	1%	2%
AFGHANISTAN.....	2%	1%	2%	2%
WAR ON TERROR/TERRORISM.....	4%	3%	3%	5%
IMMIGRATION/ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION.....	4%	6%	6%	3%
ETHICS/CORRUPTION IN GOVERNMENT.....	1%	1%	1%	1%
TAXES.....	1%	1%	1%	1%
GUNS/GUN RIGHTS.....	0%	0%	0%	0%
EDUCATION.....	3%	1%	4%	5%
TRAFFIC/ROADS/TRANSPORTATION.....	0%	0%	0%	0%
CRIME/DRUGS.....	0%	0%	0%	1%
GOVERNMENT TOO BIG/OVERREACHING.....	2%	3%	2%	1%
MORALITY/TRADITIONAL VALUES.....	3%	5%	3%	1%
OTHER (WRITE IN).....	10%	13%	9%	8%
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED.....	3%	2%	4%	3%

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 ALL MoE ±3.10% | REP MoE ±5.48% | IND MoE ±5.75% | DEM MoE ±5.17%

Name IDs

I would like to read you a list of names and have you tell me, for each one, whether you've heard of that person or group and, if so, whether you have a favorable or unfavorable opinion of them. If you haven't heard of the person or group, just say so (RANDOMIZE):

IF FAVORABLE/UNFAVORABLE: Would that be very (FAVORABLE/UNFAVORABLE) or just somewhat (FAVORABLE/UNFAVORABLE)?

		<i>VERY FAV</i>	<i>SMWHT FAV</i>	<i>SMWHT UNFAV</i>	<i>VERY UNFAV</i>	<i>NO OPINION</i>	<i>NEVER HEARD OF</i>	
3. Barack Obama	<i>ALL</i>	31%	18%	10%	35%	5%	0%	
	<i>REP</i>	2%	7%	16%	69%	5%	0%	
	<i>IND</i>	23%	22%	14%	33%	8%	0%	
	<i>DEM</i>	65%	24%	2%	6%	3%	0%	
	<i>COLLAPSED ALL</i>		49%		45%	5%	0%	
	<i>REP</i>		9%		85%	5%	0%	
	<i>IND</i>		45%		47%	8%	0%	
	<i>DEM</i>		89%		8%	3%	0%	
	4. Nancy Pelosi	<i>ALL</i>	11%	21%	10%	40%	11%	7%
		<i>REP</i>	2%	5%	9%	75%	6%	3%
<i>IND</i>		3%	21%	13%	43%	13%	7%	
<i>DEM</i>		24%	37%	10%	6%	12%	11%	
<i>COLLAPSED ALL</i>			32%		50%	11%	7%	
<i>REP</i>			7%		84%	6%	3%	
<i>IND</i>			24%		56%	13%	7%	
<i>DEM</i>			61%		16%	12%	11%	
5. Harry Reid		<i>ALL</i>	5%	14%	10%	26%	15%	29%
		<i>REP</i>	1%	3%	11%	50%	13%	22%
	<i>IND</i>	3%	10%	12%	28%	16%	30%	
	<i>DEM</i>	11%	28%	7%	3%	16%	35%	
	<i>COLLAPSED ALL</i>		19%		36%	15%	29%	
	<i>REP</i>		4%		61%	13%	22%	
	<i>IND</i>		13%		40%	16%	30%	
	<i>DEM</i>		39%		10%	16%	35%	

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		<i>VERY FAV</i>	<i>SMWHT FAV</i>	<i>SMWHT UNFAV</i>	<i>VERY UNFAV</i>	<i>NO OPINION</i>	<i>NEVER HEARD OF</i>	
6. Republicans in Congress	<i>ALL</i>	8%	28%	27%	22%	13%	2%	
	<i>REP</i>	18%	47%	19%	5%	10%	1%	
	<i>IND</i>	4%	27%	32%	19%	16%	2%	
	<i>DEM</i>	2%	13%	30%	39%	12%	4%	
	<i>COLLAPSED</i>	<i>ALL</i>	36%		49%		13%	2%
		<i>REP</i>	65%		24%		10%	1%
		<i>IND</i>	31%		51%		16%	2%
		<i>DEM</i>	15%		69%		12%	4%
	7. Democrats in Congress	<i>ALL</i>	12%	28%	17%	32%	9%	2%
		<i>REP</i>	1%	6%	22%	65%	5%	2%
		<i>IND</i>	5%	23%	25%	32%	14%	1%
		<i>DEM</i>	30%	52%	7%	2%	7%	2%
<i>COLLAPSED</i>		<i>ALL</i>	40%		49%		9%	2%
		<i>REP</i>	7%		87%		5%	2%
		<i>IND</i>	28%		57%		14%	1%
		<i>DEM</i>	82%		9%		7%	2%

8. Do you approve or disapprove of the way Barack Obama is handling his job as President?

IF APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE, ASK: Would that be strongly (approve/disapprove), or just somewhat (approve/disapprove)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
STRONGLY APPROVE	26%	3%	20%	53%
SOMEWHAT APPROVE	23%	7%	24%	35%
SOMEWHAT DISAPPROVE	12%	17%	13%	5%
STRONGLY DISAPPROVE.....	36%	70%	38%	4%
DON'T KNOW/NO OPINION	4%	3%	5%	3%
<i>COLLAPSED</i>				
APPROVE	49%	10%	44%	88%
DISAPPROVE	48%	87%	51%	9%
DON'T KNOW/NO OPINION.....	4%	3%	5%	3%

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Policy Proposals: Health Care

Now I would like to read you several pairs of statements that might be made by policymakers about health care, and have you tell me, for each pair, which one you agree with more. *IF ANSWERED, ASK:* Do you strongly agree with that statement or somewhat agree with that statement? (ROTATE STATEMENTS A AND B)

		<i>STRONG AGREE STMT A</i>	<i>SMWHT AGREE STMT A</i>	<i>NOT SURE/ DON'T KNOW (VOL)</i>	<i>SMWHT AGREE STMT B</i>	<i>STRONG AGREE STMT B</i>
<u>Buy Health Insurance Across State Lines</u>						
9. Congressman A says we should not allow people to buy health insurance across state lines, because some people would buy the cheapest policy with the worst coverage, and end up with inadequate health insurance.	<i>ALL</i>	15%	11%	6%	26%	41%
	<i>REP</i>	13%	8%	3%	23%	53%
	<i>IND</i>	15%	11%	6%	24%	44%
	<i>DEM</i>	17%	15%	9%	29%	30%

Congressman B says we should allow people to buy health insurance across state lines just like they do for car, home, and life insurance, because that will increase competition and bring down prices.

View on Repealing Health Care Law

9a. Congressman A says we should <u>not</u> repeal the Obama health care reform law. Repeal would leave 30 million Americans without coverage, and would let the insurance companies go back to canceling policies when you get sick and denying coverage because of a pre-existing condition. We should stand up to the insurance companies, not give in to them.	<i>ALL</i>	25%	16%	7%	17%	36%
	<i>REP</i>	14%	7%	3%	19%	58%
	<i>IND</i>	19%	20%	9%	21%	31%
	<i>DEM</i>	39%	22%	7%	12%	21%

Congressman B says we should repeal the Obama health care reform law, and replace it with a system that lowers costs, allows people to keep the coverage they have now, and give individuals the same tax breaks businesses get to provide health care insurance. Obama's law will drive health care costs through the roof and bankrupt the country.

Medical Malpractice Reform

10. Congressman A says that medical malpractice lawsuits keep doctors and hospitals accountable, compensate people who are maimed or injured, and have a minimal effect on health care costs.	<i>ALL</i>	14%	22%	11%	22%	30%
	<i>REP</i>	13%	14%	10%	25%	38%
	<i>IND</i>	14%	20%	11%	23%	32%
	<i>DEM</i>	16%	31%	12%	19%	22%

Congressman B says that frivolous medical malpractice lawsuits lead to unnecessary tests and procedures, primarily enrich lawyers, and significantly drive up the cost of health care.

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National Health Standards

11. Congressman A says that health care is a national issue, and we need both national standards and a national health care plan to be sure people in different states have adequate coverage that is fair to all.	ALL	25%	18%	6%	23%	28%
	REP	12%	13%	7%	29%	39%
	IND	24%	15%	6%	26%	29%
	DEM	36%	25%	4%	15%	20%

Congressman B says that health care needs and capabilities vary from state to state. We should set national standards for coverage, but let the states decide for themselves how to cover their citizens.

Policy Proposals: Energy

Now I would like to read you several pairs of statements that might be made by policymakers about energy, and have you tell me, for each pair, which one you agree with more. *IF ANSWERED, ASK:* Do you strongly agree with that statement or somewhat agree with that statement? (ROTATE STATEMENTS A AND B)

		STRONG AGREE STMT A	SMWHT AGREE STMT A	NOT SURE/ DON'T KNOW (VOL)	SMWHT AGREE STMT B	STRONG AGREE STMT B
<u>Carbon Tax</u>						
12. Congressman A says we should adopt a carbon tax on all industries to deal with climate change, and offset the higher energy costs by cutting payroll taxes for all employees.	ALL	16%	19%	11%	25%	29%
	REP	8%	13%	6%	27%	47%
	IND	15%	21%	12%	26%	27%
	DEM	23%	23%	14%	23%	17%

Congressman B says there are a lot more important problems to deal with than climate change, and employees will never get enough money in a tax cut to offset the higher energy costs that will result from a carbon tax.

Natural Gas

13. Congressman A says we should recognize that fossil fuels like natural gas are the energy source of the past, and we should concentrate our efforts on developing alternative sources like wind, solar, and hydroelectric power.	ALL	27%	18%	6%	21%	29%
	REP	16%	15%	5%	24%	40%
	IND	28%	17%	9%	19%	27%
	DEM	35%	20%	6%	19%	21%

Congressman B says we should develop far more domestic sources of natural gas, because it is clean burning and there is enough domestic supply to last for many generations and make us less dependent on foreign oil.

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Clean Coal

14. Congressman A we should recognize that coal will never be a clean source of energy, and we should concentrate on energy sources that will not ravage the land and pollute the air.	<i>ALL</i>	23%	17%	7%	24%	29%
	<i>REP</i>	12%	16%	7%	30%	35%
	<i>IND</i>	22%	16%	7%	26%	29%
	<i>DEM</i>	32%	20%	6%	19%	24%

Congressman B says we should give tax credits to utilities to develop clean coal technology, so we can safely use more of our largest domestic source of energy, coal.

Offshore Oil Drilling

15. Congressman A says the Gulf oil spill shows the danger and enormous environmental damage of offshore oil drilling. We should stop any new offshore wells from being developed.	<i>ALL</i>	22%	15%	7%	19%	37%
	<i>REP</i>	14%	10%	5%	18%	53%
	<i>IND</i>	19%	17%	7%	22%	34%
	<i>DEM</i>	33%	17%	7%	19%	25%

Congressman B says we should not let one bad accident in the Gulf divert us from the importance of more offshore drilling to create jobs and make us less dependent on foreign oil.

Nuclear Power

16. Congressman A says there are too many unanswered questions about the safety of nuclear power, such as how to dispose of nuclear waste. The government should not be in the business of subsidizing more nuclear power.	<i>ALL</i>	19%	20%	9%	24%	28%
	<i>REP</i>	15%	18%	9%	25%	34%
	<i>IND</i>	19%	16%	11%	28%	26%
	<i>DEM</i>	21%	26%	8%	21%	24%

Congressman B says nuclear power provides a proven source of affordable, carbon-free energy, which is why countries like France rely on it for 80 percent of their electricity. We should provide loan guarantees to stimulate construction of more nuclear plants, and open the Yucca Mountain storage facility for nuclear waste.

Tax Subsidies for Energy

17. Congressman A says we should use tax subsidies to stimulate research and development into the most promising alternative sources of energy. We can't trust the utilities and oil companies to serve the public good.	<i>ALL</i>	17%	25%	8%	25%	26%
	<i>REP</i>	7%	16%	6%	29%	42%
	<i>IND</i>	16%	25%	10%	28%	22%
	<i>DEM</i>	26%	34%	7%	19%	14%

Congressman B says we should replace tax subsidies targeted toward a few energy sources with a general tax credit for research and development. The government should not be in the business of picking winners and losers in energy.

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ALL MoE ±3.10% | REP MoE ±5.48% | IND MoE ±5.75% | DEM MoE ±5.17%

Policy Proposals: Education

Now I would like to read you several pairs of statements that might be made by policymakers about education, and have you tell me, for each pair, which one you agree with more. *IF ANSWERED, ASK:* Do you strongly agree with that statement or somewhat agree with that statement? (ROTATE STATEMENTS A AND B)

<i>STRONG AGREE STMT A</i>	<i>SMWHT AGREE STMT A</i>	<i>NOT SURE/ DON'T KNOW (VOL)</i>	<i>SMWHT AGREE STMT B</i>	<i>STRONG AGREE STMT B</i>
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Federal Education Money to Private Schools

18. Congressman A says federal education dollars should go exclusively to public schools. We should not take funding away from struggling public schools to subsidize private education.	<i>ALL</i>	35%	15%	3%	16%	31%
	<i>REP</i>	25%	13%	3%	21%	38%
	<i>IND</i>	33%	18%	4%	15%	30%
	<i>DEM</i>	46%	13%	3%	13%	26%

Congressman B says federal education dollars should follow the student when parents move them from failing public schools. Federal money should support the best possible education for a child, whether public, private, or parochial.

National Education Standards

19. Congressman A says we need national education standards that are tougher than those in other countries. Only with national standards will we be able to ensure a world class education for our students.	<i>ALL</i>	29%	18%	4%	19%	30%
	<i>REP</i>	18%	16%	2%	26%	37%
	<i>IND</i>	26%	18%	4%	18%	33%
	<i>DEM</i>	40%	19%	5%	15%	22%

Congressman B says federal government has no business setting national education standards. Education is a state and local responsibility, and the states are best able to meet the needs of their own students.

Tie Teacher Pay to Student Performance

20. Congressman A says teacher pay should be based upon qualifications and experience. Given the many factors that affect student achievement like the home environment, it is unfair to tie teacher pay to student performance.	<i>ALL</i>	30%	21%	7%	18%	24%
	<i>REP</i>	27%	19%	6%	20%	28%
	<i>IND</i>	27%	20%	9%	20%	25%
	<i>DEM</i>	36%	25%	5%	14%	20%

Congressman B says teacher pay should be tied to student performance. Teachers whose students learn more should be paid more, and teachers whose students learn less should be paid less.

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Alternative Certification

21. Congressman A says we need the best trained people teaching in our public schools. Just because someone knows a lot about a field does not mean they will be an effective teacher. All teachers should be required to complete teacher training classes.	ALL	34%	21%	5%	18%	22%
	REP	26%	25%	5%	22%	23%
	IND	34%	19%	6%	18%	23%
	DEM	41%	20%	4%	14%	21%

Congressman B says we should recruit our most talented people to teach in public schools. Many mid-career professionals could make superb teachers, and it makes no sense to require them to take a full curriculum of teacher training classes.

Policy Proposals: Fiscal Issues

Now I would like to read you several pairs of statements that might be made by policymakers about government taxing and spending, and have you tell me, for each pair, which one you agree with more. *IF ANSWERED, ASK: Do you strongly agree with that statement or somewhat agree with that statement? (ROTATE STATEMENTS A AND B)*

		<i>STRONG AGREE STMT A</i>	<i>SMWHT AGREE STMT A</i>	<i>NOT SURE/ DON'T KNOW (VOL)</i>	<i>SMWHT AGREE STMT B</i>	<i>STRONG AGREE STMT B</i>
<u>Freeze Federal Spending</u>						
22. Congressman A says freezing total federal spending at 2010 levels for five years is irresponsible. That would require either not paying guaranteed benefits like Social Security and Medicare, or making drastic cuts in the defense budget.	ALL	15%	23%	9%	24%	30%
	REP	11%	16%	7%	22%	45%
	IND	14%	21%	13%	27%	25%
	DEM	19%	29%	7%	24%	21%

Congressman B says we should freeze total federal spending at 2010 levels for the next five years. By funding only the top priorities, we will get the budget deficit back under control, and stop bankrupting the country and mortgaging our children's future.

Cut Corporate Taxes

23. Congressman A says cutting corporate taxes is a giveaway to the rich which would increase the deficit at the worst possible time.	ALL	23%	20%	7%	21%	29%
	REP	15%	13%	6%	25%	40%
	IND	18%	20%	11%	26%	26%
	DEM	34%	26%	5%	14%	21%

Congressman B says we should cut the corporate income tax rate from 40 to 25 percent to stimulate job growth in the private sector.

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Let Capital Gains Tax Cut Expire

24. Congressman A says we should let the Bush tax cuts on capital gains expire. That would raise the tax rate on capital gains from 15 to 20 percent, which would provide critically needed revenue, and ensure that the rich pay their fair share.	ALL	24%	16%	6%	20%	34%
	REP	14%	10%	5%	19%	51%
	IND	24%	17%	7%	23%	29%
	DEM	32%	21%	5%	19%	23%

Congressman B says we should keep the capital gains tax rate at 15 percent where it is today. Raising capital gains taxes now would hurt economic growth at a time when the economy desperately needs to create more jobs.

Balanced Budget Amendment

25. Congressman A says we should not adopt a constitutional amendment to balance the budget. That could force draconian cuts in Medicare and national defense, and hurt the government's ability to respond to emergencies like 9-11.	ALL	13%	24%	10%	26%	28%
	REP	8%	18%	6%	28%	41%
	IND	14%	24%	10%	24%	27%
	DEM	16%	30%	12%	26%	16%

Congressman B says we should adopt a constitutional amendment to balance the budget. With a \$13 trillion national debt that is undermining our economy, it is the only way we will instill some fiscal discipline in politicians and stop them from bankrupting the country.

Constitutional Convention

26. Congressman A says having the states call for a convention to amend the constitution is a bad idea. We could never limit a convention to just one subject, and who knows what mischief a convention could do to our constitution.	ALL	13%	26%	14%	28%	18%
	REP	8%	19%	13%	36%	25%
	IND	13%	26%	17%	25%	19%
	DEM	18%	33%	12%	24%	12%

Congressman B says the state legislatures should call for a convention to adopt a constitutional amendment to balance the budget. Congress has demonstrated that it will never adopt that amendment on its own.

Broaden the Tax Base

27. Congressman A says it is good for the country if the poorest half of Americans pays no income taxes. Those who can best afford to pay should carry most of the burden of funding the federal government.	ALL	15%	13%	6%	22%	43%
	REP	13%	8%	4%	16%	58%
	IND	13%	14%	6%	23%	42%
	DEM	18%	18%	7%	25%	32%

Congressman B says it is bad for the country if half the population pays all the income taxes and half pays nothing. Every American citizen should contribute at least something to support the federal government.

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Super Majority for New Spending

28. Congressman A says we should not adopt a requirement that new spending can only be approved by a two-thirds vote of the House and Senate. In America the majority rules, and that is enough to approve new spending.

<i>ALL</i>	17%	19%	8%	28%	29%
<i>REP</i>	12%	13%	7%	25%	44%
<i>IND</i>	16%	16%	9%	30%	29%
<i>DEM</i>	21%	27%	9%	28%	15%

Congressman B says we should adopt a requirement that new spending can only be approved by a two-thirds vote of the House and Senate. That will help get runaway federal spending back under control.

Kagan Nomination

29. President Obama has nominated Elena Kagan to the U.S. Supreme Court. Do you support or oppose the Senate confirming her to the Supreme Court?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
SUPPORT	46%	18%	40%	77%
OPPOSE.....	28%	53%	27%	6%
DON'T KNOW	26%	29%	32%	18%

ROTATE QUESTIONS 30 AND 31

30. As Dean of Harvard Law School, Elena Kagan denied the military full access to recruit students to join the armed services because of the military's "don't ask don't tell" policy regarding gays in the military. Does her decision make you more likely or less likely to support a senator who votes to confirm her to the Supreme Court?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
MORE LIKELY	31%	11%	25%	53%
LESS LIKELY	47%	70%	50%	25%
NO EFFECT (VOLUNTEERED).....	8%	4%	10%	11%
DON'T KNOW	14%	15%	16%	10%

31. As a law clerk to a Supreme Court justice, Elena Kagan said she was not sympathetic to claims that the District of Columbia's handgun ban violated a resident's constitutional rights. Does her position on that issue make you more likely or less likely to support a senator who votes to confirm her to the Supreme Court?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
MORE LIKELY	28%	13%	24%	46%
LESS LIKELY	49%	71%	49%	29%
NO EFFECT (VOLUNTEERED).....	8%	4%	10%	11%
DON'T KNOW	14%	12%	17%	14%

N=1000 Registered Voters | Sample was minimally weighted by party
 ALL MoE ±3.10% | REP MoE ±5.48% | IND MoE ±5.75% | DEM MoE ±5.17%

Demographics

Now I have a few questions just for statistical purposes.

32. In politics today, do you normally think of yourself as (ROTATE: a Republican, an independent, or a Democrat)?

IF "REPUBLICAN" OR "DEMOCRAT", ASK: Would you consider yourself a strong or a not-so-strong Republican/Democrat?	STRONG REPUBLICAN 23% NOT-SO-STRONG REPUBLICAN..... 9% IND LEAN REPUBLICAN..... 11% INDEPENDENT/NO PREF 10%
IF "INDEPENDENT," ASK: Do you think of yourself as closer to the (ROTATE: Republican or Democratic Party)?	IND LEAN DEMOCRAT 8% NOT-SO-STRONG DEMOCRAT 9% STRONG DEMOCRAT 27% REFUSED..... 3%

33. When thinking about politics today, do you normally consider yourself to be (ROTATE: very conservative, somewhat conservative, moderate, somewhat liberal, or very liberal)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
VERY CONSERVATIVE	22%	43%	17%	8%
SOMEWHAT CONSERVATIVE	28%	39%	31%	15%
MODERATE	23%	10%	31%	27%
SOMEWHAT LIBERAL.....	16%	5%	12%	31%
VERY LIBERAL.....	8%	2%	4%	16%
NO OPINION	3%	2%	5%	3%

34. Would you please stop me when I read the correct category for your age?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
18 TO 34	20%	19%	22%	20%
35 TO 49	30%	33%	30%	27%
50 TO 64	28%	26%	27%	29%
65 OR OLDER.....	22%	21%	21%	23%
REFUSED (DO NOT READ)	0%	0%	0%	0%

35. Would you please stop me when I read the correct category for your total household income?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
\$25,000 OR LESS.....	14%	8%	15%	17%
\$25,000 TO \$50,000	19%	18%	21%	19%
\$50,000 TO \$75,000	18%	19%	17%	19%
\$75,000 TO \$100,000	16%	18%	16%	16%
\$100,000 TO \$150,000	15%	15%	15%	13%
\$150,000 TO \$250,000	4%	5%	4%	4%
\$250,000 OR MORE.....	2%	3%	3%	2%
REFUSED.....	12%	14%	10%	11%

N=1000 Registered Voters | Sample was minimally weighted by party
 ALL MoE ±3.10% | REP MoE ±5.48% | IND MoE ±5.75% | DEM MoE ±5.17%

36. Is your religious background Protestant, Catholic, Jewish or something else? (IF SOMETHING ELSE OR UNCLEAR RESPONSE ASK: Is that a Christian religion or not?)

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
PROTESTANT	36%	46%	34%	29%
CATHOLIC	26%	23%	27%	29%
OTHER CHRISTIAN	19%	20%	17%	19%
JEWISH	1%	1%	1%	1%
OTHER NON-CHRISTIAN	7%	3%	9%	8%
AGNOSTIC/ATHEIST	1%	1%	1%	2%
NONE	4%	2%	4%	6%
DON'T KNOW (DNR)	1%	1%	2%	1%
REFUSED (DNR).....	4%	4%	5%	5%

37. Would you call yourself an Evangelical Christian or not?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
YES	25%	38%	21%	17%
NO.....	50%	45%	52%	55%
DON'T KNOW (DNR)	5%	5%	4%	5%
REFUSED (DNR).....	1%	1%	1%	0%
NOT ASKED	19%	10%	22%	23%

38. Are you from a Hispanic or Spanish-speaking background?

IF NO, ASK: What would you say is your main race: white, African American, Asian, or something else?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
YES/HISPANIC	9%	5%	6%	14%
NO/WHITE.....	76%	92%	82%	57%
NO/BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN	12%	1%	8%	25%
NO/ASIAN	1%	0%	1%	1%
NO/OTHER	2%	2%	3%	3%
REFUSED.....	0%	0%	0%	0%

39. Gender (from observation):

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
MALE	45%	54%	48%	36%
FEMALE.....	55%	46%	52%	64%

That's all the questions I have. Thank you very much for sharing your opinions with us.

N=1000 Registered Voters | Sample was minimally weighted by party
 ALL MoE ±3.10% | REP MoE ±5.48% | IND MoE ±5.75% | DEM MoE ±5.17%